For: BIOCOMPATIBLE POLYMERIZATION ACCELERATORS

Examiner: Naff, David M. Group Art Unit: 1657 Docket No.: SRM0006/US

Listing of Claims

Please amend claim 14, and add new claims 35 and 36 as follows:

- 1. (previously presented) A composition comprising:
- (a) a polymerization accelerator comprising a biocompatible functional group, a carbonyl group, and an N-vinyl group; and
 - (b) a polymerizable material,

wherein the polymerization accelerator increases the rate that the polymerizable material becomes incorporated into a polymerized product in a polymerization reaction.

- 2. (original) The composition of claim 1 further comprising a polymerization initiator.
- (original) The composition of claim 2 wherein the polymerization initiator comprises a
 photoinitiator group.
- 4. (original) The composition of claim 3 wherein the photoinitiator group is a long-wave ultra violet- or visible light-activatable molecule.
- (original) The composition of claim 1 wherein the polymerizable material comprises a macromer.
- (original) The composition of claim 5 wherein the macromer is selected from the group consisting of water-soluble macromers.
- 7. (original) The composition of claim 5 wherein the macromer is present at a concentration in the range of 0.5 50 wt%.

Applicant: Swan, et al. Serial No.: 10/723,505 Filed: November 26, 2003

For: BIOCOMPATIBLE POLYMERIZATION ACCELERATORS

Examiner: Naff, David M. Group Art Unit: 1657 Docket No.: SRM0006/US

8. (original) The composition of claim 7 wherein the macromer is present at a concentration in the range of 1 - 30 wt%.

9. (previously presented) The composition of claim 1 further comprising an acceptor or reductant that forms a free radical and causes free radical polymerization of the polymerizable material in the polymerization reaction.

10. (original) The composition of claim 1 wherein the biocompatible functional group is selected from phosphonate (PO₃), sulfonate (SO₃), carboxylate (COO), hydroxyl (OH), albumin binding moieties, and phospholipid moieties.

11. (original) The composition of claim 1 wherein the biocompatible functional group comprises a sulfonate group.

12. (cancelled)

13. (cancelled)

14. (currently amended) The composition of claim [13] \(\frac{1}{4} \) wherein the polymerization accelerator comprises an N-vinyl amide group.

15. (previously presented) The composition of claim 1 wherein the N-vinyl nitrogen is an atom in a heterocyclic ring.

16. (previously presented) The composition of claim 1 wherein the polymerization accelerator is able to react with the polymerizable material to form the polymerized product having biocompatible properties. Applicant: Swan, et al. Serial No.: 10/723,505 Filed: November 26, 2003

For: BIOCOMPATIBLE POLYMERIZATION ACCELERATORS

Examiner: Naff, David M. Group Art Unit: 1657 Docket No.: SRM0006/US

17. (previously presented) The composition of claim 1 wherein the polymerization accelerator is present in an amount sufficient to improve the biocompatibility properties of the polymerized product.

- 18. (previously presented) The composition of claim 1 wherein the polymerization accelerator is present in an amount sufficient to promote formation of the polymerized product.
- 19. (original) The composition of claim 18 wherein the polymerization accelerator is present at a concentration of 0.05 wt% or greater.
- 20. (original) The composition of claim 19 wherein the polymerization accelerator is present at a concentration in the range of 0.05 1.0 wt%.
- 21. (previously presented) A composition comprising:
 - (a) a polymerization accelerator comprising:
- $i) \ a \ biocompatible \ functional \ group \ ii) \ an \ N-vinyl \ group, \ and \ iii) \ a \ carbonyl \ group; \ and$
 - (b) a macromer.

wherein the polymerization accelerator is able to be reacted with the macromer to form a biocompatible matrix and the polymerization accelerator increases the rate that the macromer becomes incorporated into the biocompatible matrix.

- 22 -27. (canceled).
- 28. (previously presented) The composition of claim 5 wherein the macromer comprises a protein or polyamino acid.
- 29. (previously presented) The composition of claim 28 wherein the macromer is selected from the group consisting of gelatin, collagen, fibronectin, laminin, albumin, and active peptides thereof.

Applicant: Swan, et al. Serial No.: 10/723,505 Filed: November 26, 2003

For: BIOCOMPATIBLE POLYMERIZATION ACCELERATORS

Examiner: Naff, David M. Group Art Unit: 1657 Docket No.: SRM0006/US

- 30. (previously presented) The composition of claim 5 wherein the macromer comprises a polysaccharide.
- 31. (previously presented) The composition of claim 30 wherein the macromer is selected from the group consisting of hyaluronic acid (HA), starch, dextran, heparin, and chitosan.
- 32. (previously presented) A composition comprising:
- (a) a polymerization accelerator comprising a biocompatible functional group, wherein the biocompatible functional group comprises a sulfonate group; and
- (b) a polymerizable material, wherein the polymerization accelerator is able to be reacted with the polymerizable material to form a biocompatible matrix and the polymerization accelerator increases the rate that the polymerizable material becomes incorporated into the biocompatible matrix.
- 33. (cancelled)
- 34. (previously presented) The composition of claim 21 wherein the biocompatible functional group comprises a sulfonate group.
- 35. (new) The composition of claim 1 wherein the biocompatible functional group comprises a group selected from phosphonate (PO₃), sulfonate (SO₃), and carboxylate (COO).
- 36. (new) The composition of claim 21 wherein the biocompatible functional group comprises a group selected from phosphonate (PO₃), sulfonate (SO₃), and carboxylate (COO').